

during the Meeting of the Cambrian Archæological Association at Brecon in 1853, the chapel then recently erected in Glan Usk Park by Sir Joseph Bailey to the memory of his eldest son was visited, 'and a few steps further on, the party reached an upright inscribed stone, of which the characters are now nearly illegible, but bear some resemblance to the following' (copied in Pl. LI. fig. 1):—

71, λ /, δ Λ <sup>1</sup>

At the Abergavenny Meeting of the Association in 1876 several of the members visited Glan Usk Park by the kind invitation of Sir J. R. Bailey, and inspected the Turpillus stone then lately removed to a clump of trees east of the house, and another stone which is placed on rising ground on the west side of the river and by the side of the carriage-road running south from the drive from the Tretower gate to the house. This is a broad flat stone about 5 feet high, and with a very rough surface, of which I made two rubbings, there being certain irregular markings, some of which look like letters, running lengthwise down the front of the stone, but I entirely failed in tracing any resemblance to the inscription given above or to decipher any part of the markings. There is still another stone at Glan Usk, mentioned by Mr. Worthington Smith in his amusing Sketch of the Association Excursions in 1876, 'which is plain, and a mile from the house<sup>2</sup>.' This we did not visit. Is it possible that this last-mentioned stone is the one near the chapel bearing the supposed letters given above?

ABERCWMLAIS.—Professor Rhys gives, in a Note published in the *Archæologia Cambrensis*, 1875, p. 193, the following account of a stone supposed to have an inscription on it:— 'You start from Abercamlais near Brecon up the Camlais valley, and when you have got three or four miles from Abercamlais, as you turn to Mynydd Illtyd, the stone is on or near the road. There used to be a mound there called Y Castell.' I have not been able to obtain a corroboration of this statement.

LLANWETHWL.—In the churchyard of Llanwrthwl, near Rhaiadr, is a large stone about 6 feet in height, of which the upper part appears to have been broken. From its situation it may probably be the shaft of a cross, though by some it is supposed to be of Druidical origin.

On Rhôs Saith-maen, or the 'Seven Stone Common,' in the same parish, are some stones very irregularly placed, but whether they are military, sepulchral, or Druidical remains cannot be precisely determined.

DYFFRYN.—'On a stone in Dyffryn was a remarkable figure, a rubbing of which was shown to Mr. Lukis (by Mr. W. W. E. Wynne, at the Bangor Meeting in 1860), as well as to another competent authority in his own country: but these gentlemen were not agreed as to whether the figure was the result of art or nature.' *Arch. Camb.*, 1860, p. 370.

<sup>1</sup> From the form of the character like a V placed on its side commencing this inscription, I was induced to suppose that it was a Roman centurial stone (*Arch. Camb.*, 1853, p. 332).

<sup>2</sup> *Gardener's Chronicle*, Sept. 2, 1876.