

anything satisfactory of the figures, which it is desirable should be more carefully examined.

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In addition to the Cardiganshire stones above described, it may be mentioned that at LLANLLWCHAIRN, in the churchyard on the shore at New Quay, the base of a cross is still standing.

LLANBADARN UCHA.—In the churchyard are four large stones, one 11 feet high, standing erect.

LLANDEINIOL CARROG.—There are several singular monumental pillars in the neighbourhood of Carrog House (Arch. Camb., 1853, p. 146).

At PENBRYN are the steps of a cross destroyed.

LLANDYSSIL and LLANWENOG.—On the outside of the western wall of both these churches pieces of stone carving of the Crucifixion, as well as several other fragments of the early mediæval period, have been inserted.

And there are interesting early fonts ornamented with carving, often of human heads, at the churches of Bangor on the river Teivy; Troed yr awr, near Newcastle Emllyn; Llanwenog (with the heads of the twelve apostles); Lampeter, with the four evangelical symbols; Cellan (in which parish are also several gigantic stones standing erect); Llanvair Clygodau; Silian; Llanarth; Llanvihangel Ystrad; Llanychaiarn, and Llanllwchairn.

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## R A D N O R S H I R E .

### PLATE LXXII. FIG. 2.

#### THE CARVED STONE AT LLANBADARN VAWR, RADNORSHIRE.

Among the rubbings forwarded to me by the late Rev. H. L. Jones was one of a curious early carved stone preserved at Llanbadarn Vawr, between Llandrindod Wells and Llanfihangel Rhyd Ithon. It is 46 inches long by 17 inches wide, and contains figures of two monstrous dogs facing each other, with tails terminating in trefoils separated by a rudely carved human face, above which is a branching stem, and with a circular radiated disc below the dog on the left-hand. The figures are in relief, and may probably be ascribed to the twelfth century. It may have been used as a tympanum.

### PLATE LXXIII. FIG. 1.

#### CROSSED STONE AT NEW RADNOR.

I am indebted to Richard W. Banks, Esq., a zealous member of the Cambrian Archæological Association, for a rubbing and sketch of a crossed stone built into the wall of the Porth farm facing the turnpike road at New Radnor, communicated by the Rev. W. Gillam, Rector of New Radnor. It was removed about thirty years ago from the wall of the chancel when New Radnor church was rebuilt, and when a portion of this stone was