

being filled in with the triquetra pattern. The basal part of the cross is slightly elongated and widened, so as to form a loop for the insertion of the upper part of a broad interlaced ribbon pattern, which extends down the shaft, the interlacement appearing incomplete both at the top and bottom.

It is difficult to fix a date for this stone, but I apprehend it would range from the tenth to the twelfth century. (J. O. W., Arch. Camb., 1876, p. 195.)

## PLATE XLVIII. FIG. 6.

## THE LLANGUNNOR CROSSED STONE.

This stone (for a rubbing of which I am indebted to the Rev. Aaron Roberts) is built into the porch of the church, and is not more than 19 inches high. It consists of a plain incised Latin cross with dilated ends to the limbs, inclosed by incised lines following the outlines of the cross, and terminated below in a short slender stem which is forked at its lower extremity.

## PLATE XLIX. FIG. 3.

## THE SEPULCHRAL STONE OF EGLWYS VAIR A CHURIG.

I am indebted to Miss Protheroe of Dól-Wilym for my knowledge of this very curious stone, which is admitted into this work on account of its very unusual character, as well as from the inscription, which from what remains of it could not have been in black letter, to the period of the use of which (thirteenth to the sixteenth century) the details of the stone might appear to belong. The raised portion of the stone, containing the bust and arms apparently of a female figure, are very much rubbed; the right hand is applied to the breast, and the left hand is held upward, and appears to hold an apple, ball, or possibly a flower-pot, resting on a square compartment, of which there is one on each side of the head, that to the left being ornamented with an elegantly designed figure of a plant, above which is a large foliated arabesque design, unfortunately greatly broken and incomplete. Below the bust the slab is greatly defaced, but appears to have borne an inscription, of which only the following letters can be indistinctly traced—

ΠANT ΙΔ  
ΠANI

## PLATE XLIX. FIG. 4.

## THE CURCAGNUS STONE FORMERLY AT LLANDEILO VAWR.

The only notice of this stone is preserved in the correspondence of Edward Lhwyd, in one of whose letters, published in the *Archæologia Cambrensis*, 1858, p. 345, dated from Llandeilo Vawr, on December 20, 1697, he gives a figure (here copied), and describes it as 'a stone by the churchyard in this town—