

Penrhos House, Rugby (to which place the stone has been removed). It is about three miles from Pen y Street and about a mile from Craig y Dinas, between that place and the Bedd Porius stone, from which it is distant about two miles. The farm is beautifully situated, sloping from the high mountain to the river Mawddach, and in several places there are large heaps of stones carefully piled up, and Mr. R. H. Wood supposes that a great battle may have been fought here with the Romans who were in the neighbourhood, and that these heaps of stones may mark the graves of the slain. The inscribed stone, however, here represented is clearly part of a comparatively modern Welsh inscription, although the letters are for the most part well-formed Roman capitals. They are $1\frac{1}{2}$ inch high, and are to be read

RHWVI | AGID | DVNA | DDWI

of which I have not been able to obtain a satisfactory translation.

PLATE LXXVII. FIG. 5.

THE SPIRALLY-MARKED STONE AT LLANBEDR.

In the *Archæologia Cambrensis* for 1850, p. 155, mention is made of an upright stone or *maen-hir* standing near a *cist-vaen* and bearing Ogham characters, in the neighbourhood of Llanbedr, about three miles from Harlech and two miles from Llandanwg. In a subsequent page (228) Mr. W. W. E. Wynne, whose knowledge of the Merionethshire antiquities is unrivalled, inquired for the precise locality of this Ogham-marked stone, but without eliciting any reply; and in the same work (1869, p. 90) it is stated that no such stone then existed. In the same work (1867, p. 154) the Rev. E. L. Barnwell described and figured a stone found in Llanbedr parish, on the mountain above, by Dr. Griffith Griffiths, lying among the débris of the primitive buildings usually assigned to the Irish builders, whence it has been removed and placed between two pillar-stones, the apparently sole relics of a large circle, lying on the ground. The upper part of the face of the stone is occupied with the spiral ornament represented, and which is very similar to several of the archaic sculptures represented by Sir J. Y. Simpson (*British Archaic Sculptures*, 1867, 4to.).

In the *Archæologia Cambrensis*, 1860, p. 370, mention is made of a stone at Dyffryn, between Barmouth and Harlech, having on it a remarkable figure, which it had not been able to determine whether artificially or naturally formed, but which, from information received from Mr. Wynne, seems to be a spirally-formed line, which that gentleman was convinced was artificial. If this and the Llanbedr stone be identical, it is hard to conceive that so regularly-formed a spiral figure can be the result of natural causes.

PLATE LXXVII. FIG. 6.

THE CROSSED STONE AT LLANGRYN CHURCH.

The stone here represented is built into the south wall of the church of Llanegryn, and I am indebted to W. W. E. Wynne, Esq., for rubbings of it. The cross itself is about