

Page 50. PLATE CI. FIG. 2. TWO LLANMADOC CROSSED STONES.

For this figure, representing two crossed stones standing on the north side of the chancel of Llanmadoc Church, Gower, I am indebted to Mr. G. E. Robinson of Cardiff. The upper stone, of friable sandstone, rudely shaped into the form of a cross, is 5 feet 2 inches high, and is marked on the centre of the cross with an incised but faint cross with the four arms of equal length, each with a short transverse line near its tip. The lower stone is a syenite block, having a Latin cross incised both on the upper surface and on the front side. These stones were found built into a wall, and have been fixed in their present position by the Rev. J. D. Davies, the Rector.

REYNOLDSTONE.—I learn further from Mr. Robinson that a pillar-stone, ornamented with carvings like the cross at Llanbadarn Vawr, stands in a small fir coppice near the road in Stout Hall Wood, near Reynoldstone, Gower, a figure of which will probably appear in the second part of Mr. Davies's account of Gower.

Page 53, line 3. For 'same' read 'latter.'

Page 57. A Roman stone at the Gaer near Brecon, placed 'under the west gate of the priory,' was described and figured by 'P. Britannicus' in the Gentleman's Magazine, 1787, p. 1054, tab. 2, fig. 2, and again by Theophilus Jones, Brecknockshire, ii. 1, p. 100, tab. 5, fig. 1; but the two readings are quite dissimilar, and both so unintelligible (Hübner, Inscr. Brit., no. 153, p. 45) that I have not thought it necessary to introduce them.

Page 65. The suggestion here made, that the letters LI at the beginning of the second line of the Devynock inscription are the termination of a preceding word FILL, is confirmed by one of the Clydai stones described in p. 122.

Page 70, line 27. For 'fig. 3' read 'fig. 5.'

Page 76. PLATE C. FIG. 3. THE LLYWELL STONE, TRECASTLE.

Mr. Robinson, one of the Secretaries of the Cambrian Archæological Association, has published an account and figure of this stone in the Archæologia Cambrensis (1878, p. 221, and Plate annexed). His figure is reduced from one of his rubbings, which was rather more complete than that from which my Pl. XLII. fig. 4 was drawn, showing a few more of the meaningless incised strokes, which in Mr. Robinson's figure are all misrepresented white, as if in relief; the only notable difference being a circle in the top left-hand corner of the stone inclosing a small equal-armed + and a complete transverse line above the lower circle in my figure (in which parts of this line are indistinctly shown), and which serves to divide the lower part of the design into two compartments.

Professor Rhys, however, again visited the stone, and has discovered an inscription in Roman characters on the back of it, a copy of which, together with his fresh reading of the Oghams, I am able by his kindness to give in Pl. C, the names being MACCVTRENII SALUCIDUNI, agreeing with the Ogham characters.

Page 79. STONE WITH CROSSED INCISED LINES AT DOLAUCOTHY HOUSE.—Amongst the numerous stones preserved in an outhouse at the rear of Dolaucothy House, visited by